中国民用航空局第6号《民航旅客禁止随身携带和托运物品目录》及《民航旅客限制随

身携带或托运物品目录》公告

- 一、民航旅客禁止随身携带和托运的物品
- 1、枪支等武器(包括主要零部件)

能够发射弹药(包括弹丸及其他物品)并造成人身严重伤害的装置或者可能被误认为是此类装置的物品,主要包括:

- 1)军用枪、公务用枪,如手枪、步枪、冲锋枪、机枪、防暴枪;
- 2) 民军枪,如气枪、猎枪、射击运动枪、麻醉注射枪;
- 3) 其他枪支,如道具枪、发令枪、钢珠枪、境外枪支以及各类非法制造的枪支;
 - 4)上述物品的仿真品。

2、爆炸或者燃烧物质和装置

能够造成人身严重伤害或者危及航空器安全的爆炸或燃烧装置 (物质)或者可能被误认为是此类装置(物质)的物品,主要包括:

- 1)弹药,如炸弹、手榴弹、照明弹、燃烧弹、烟幕弹、信号弹、 催泪弹、毒气弹、子弹(铅弹、空包弹、教练弹);
- 2)爆破器材,如炸药、雷管、引信、起爆管,导火索、导爆索、爆破剂;
 - 3)烟火制品,如烟花爆竹、烟饼、黄烟、礼花弹;
 - 4)上述物品的仿真品。

3、管制器具

能够造成人身伤害或者对航空安全和运输秩序构成较大危害的管制器具,主要包括:

- 1)管制刀具,如匕首(带有刀柄、刀格和血槽,刀尖角度小于60度的单刃、双刃或多刃尖刀)、三棱刮刀(具有三个刀刃的机械加工用刀具)、带有自锁装置的弹簧刀或跳刀(刀身展开或弹出后,可被刀柄内的弹簧或卡锁固定自锁的折叠刀具)、其他相类似的单刃双刃三棱尖刀(刀尖角度小于60度刀身长度超过150毫米的各类单刃、双刃、多刃刀具)以及其他刀尖角度大于60度刀身长度超过220毫米的各类单刃、双刃、多刃刀具;
- 2)军警械具,如警棍、警用电击器、军用或警用的匕首、手铐、 拇指铐、脚镣、催泪喷射器;
 - 3) 其他属于国家规定的管制器具,如弩。

4、危险物品

能够造成人身伤害或者对航空安全和运输秩序构成较大危害的 危险物品,主要包括:

- 1)压缩气体和液化气体,如氢气、甲烷、乙烷、丁烷、天然气、 乙烯、丙烯、乙炔(溶于介质的)、一氧化碳、液化石油气、氟利昂、 氧气、二氧化碳、水煤气、打火机燃料及打火机等液化气体;
- 2)自燃物品中,如黄磷、白磷、硝化纤维(含胶片)、油纸及其制品;
 - 3) 遇湿易燃物品,如金属钾、钠、锂、碳化钙(电石)、镁铝粉;
 - 4) 易燃液体,如汽油、煤油、柴油、苯、乙醇(酒精)、丙酮、

乙醚、油漆、稀料、松香油及含易燃溶剂制品;

- 5) 易燃固体,如红磷、闪光粉、固体酒精、赛璐珞、发泡剂;
- 6)氧化剂和有机过氧化物,如高锰酸钾、氯化钾、过氧化钠、过氧化钾、过氧化铅、过醋酸、双氧水;
 - 7) 毒害品,如氰化物、砒霜、剧毒农药等剧毒化学品;
- 8)腐蚀性物品,如硫酸、盐酸、硝酸、氢氧化钠、氢氧化钾、 汞(水银);
 - 9)放射性物品,如放射性同位素。
 - 5、其他物品

其他能够造成人身伤害或者对航空安全和运输秩序构成较大危害的物品,主要包括:

- 1)传染病病原体,如乙肝病毒、炭疽杆菌、结核杆菌、艾滋病病毒;
- 2)火种(包括各类点火装置),如打火机、火柴、点烟器、镁棒(打火石);
- 3)额定能量超过160Wh的充电宝、锂电池(电动轮椅使用的锂电池另有规定);
 - 4)酒精体积百分含量大于70%的酒精饮料;
- 5)强磁化物、有强烈刺激性气味或者容易引起旅客恐慌情绪的物品以及不能判明性质可能具有危险性的物品。
 - 6、国家法律、行政法规、规章规定的其他禁止运输的物品。
 - 二、民航旅客限制随身携带或托运的物品
 - 1、禁止随身携带但可以作为行李托运的物品

1) 锐器

该类物品带有锋利边缘或者锐利尖端,由金属或其他材料制成的、 强度足以造成人身严重伤害的器械,主要包括:

- (1)日用刀具(刀刃长度大于6厘米),如菜刀、水果刀、剪刀、 美工刀、裁纸刀;
- (2)专业刀具(刀刃长度不限),如手术刀、屠宰刀、雕刻刀、 刨刀、铣刀;
 - (3) 用作武术文艺表演的刀、矛、剑、戟等。

2) 钝器

该类物品不带有锋利边缘或者锐利尖端,由金属或其他材料制成的、强度足以造成人身严重伤害的器械,主要包括:

棍棒(含伸缩棍、双节棍)、球棒、桌球杆、板球球拍、曲棍球杆、高尔夫球杆、登山杖、滑雪杖、指节铜套(手钉)。

3) 其他

其他能够造成人身伤害或者对航空安全和运输秩序构成较大危害的物品,主要包括:

- (1)工具,如钻机(含钻头)、凿、锥、锯、螺栓枪、射钉枪、螺丝刀、撬棍、锤、钳、焊枪、扳手、斧头、短柄小斧(太平斧)、游标卡尺、冰镐、碎冰锥;
- (2) 其他物品中,如飞镖、弹弓、弓、箭、蜂鸣自卫器以及不在国家规定管制范围内的电击器、梅斯气体、催泪瓦斯、胡椒辣椒喷剂、酸性喷雾剂、驱除动物喷剂等。

2、随身携带或者作为行李托运有限定条件的物品

1) 随身携带有限定条件但可以作为行李托运的物品

- (1) 旅客乘坐国际、地区航班时,液态物品应当盛放在单体容器容积不超过100ML的容器内随身携带,与此同时盛放液态物品的容器应置于最大容积不超过1L、可重新封口的透明塑料袋中,每名旅客每次仅允许携带一个透明塑料袋,超出部分应作为行李托运;
- (2)旅客乘坐国内航班时,液态物品禁止随身携带(航空旅行途中自用的化妆品、牙膏及剃须膏除外)。航空旅行途中自用的化妆品必须同时满足三个条件(每种限带一件、盛放在单体容器容积不超过100ML的容器内、接受开瓶检查)方可随身携带,牙膏及剃须膏每种限带一件且不得超过100g(ML)。旅客在同一机场控制区内由国际、地区航班转乘国内航班时,其随身携带入境的免税液态物品必须同时满足三个条件(出示购物凭证、置于已封口且完好无损的透明塑料袋中、经安全检查确认)方可随身携带入境的免税液态物品作为行李托运;
- (3)婴儿航空旅行途中必需的液态乳制品、糖尿病或者其他疾病患者航空旅行途中必需的液态药品,经安全检查确认后方可随身携带;
- (4) 旅客在机场控制区、航空器内购买或者取得的液态物品在 离开机场控制区之前可以随身携带。
 - 2)禁止随身携带但作为行李托运有限定条件的物品酒精饮料禁止随身携带,作为行李托运时有以下限定条件:
- (1) 标识全面清晰且置于零售包装内,每个容器容积不得超过 5L;

- (2)酒精的体积百分含量小于或等于 24%时,托运数量不受限制;
- (3)酒精的体积百分含量大于 24%、小于或等于 70%时,每位旅客托运数量不超过 5L。
- 3)禁止作为行李托运且随身携带有限定条件的物品 充电宝、锂电池禁止作为行李托运,随身携带时有以下限定条件 (电动轮椅使用的锂电池另有规定):
 - (1) 标识全面清晰, 额定能量小于或等于 100Wh;
- (2) 当额定能量大于 100Wh、小于或等于 160Wh 时必须经航空公司批准且每人限带两块。
 - 3、国家法律、行政法规、规章规定的其他限制运输的物品。

"Articles Forbidden to Carry-on or Check-in Baggage" and "Articles restricted to carry-on or check-in baggage"

- I . Articles Forbidden to Carry-on or Check-in Baggage
 - 1. Guns and other weapons (including major components)

A device capable of firing ammunition (including projectiles and other objects) and causing serious bodily harm to the human body or may be mistaken for such devices, including:

- 1) Military guns and official guns: pistols, rifles, sub-machine guns, machine guns and anti-riot guns.
- 2) Civilian guns: air guns, hunting guns, shooting guns and narcotic injection guns.
- 3) Other guns: prop guns, starting guns, ball guns and all kinds of guns that manufactured overseas and illegal manufacturing.
 - 4) Imitations of the above items.
 - 2.Explosive or burning material and device

A explosive/burning device (material) capable of causing serious bodily harm to the human body and endangering aircraft safety or may be mistaken for such devices, including:

- 1)Ammunition: bombs, grenades, flares, incendiary bombs, smoke bombs, signal flares, tear gas, gas bombs and bullets (lead bullets, blank bombs, coach shells).
 - 2) Blasting equipment: explosives, detonators, fuses, detonating tube,

blasting fuse, detonating cord and blasting agent.

- 3) Fireworks: firecrackers, smoke cake and display shells.
- 4) Imitations of the above items.

3.Controlled apparatus

Controlled apparatus capable of causing serious bodily harm to the human body, endangering aircraft safety and disrupting transport order, including:

- 1) Controlled knives: daggers, triangular blade, spring knife with self-locking device, other single bladed/double-edged/triangular knives and other types of single blade/ double-edged/multiple edge tool.
- 2)Police batons: electric shock, military or police daggers, handcuffs, thumb-handcuffs, fetters and tear-injector.
- 3) Controlled apparatus that are forbidden by China laws and regulations, such as crossbow.

4. Hazardous goods

Hazardous goods capable of causing serious bodily harm to the human body, endangering aircraft safety and disrupting transport order, including:

- 1) Compressed gas and liquefied gas: hydrogen, methane, ethane, butane, natural gas, ethylene, propylene, acetylene (dissolved in medium), carbon monoxide, liquefied petroleum gas, Freon, oxygen, carbon dioxide, water gas, liquefied gas and lighter fuel and other liquefied gas.
 - 2) Spontaneous combustion materials: yellow phosphorus, white

phosphorus, nitrocellulose (including film), oiled paper and oil-paper products.

- 3) Flammable objects when wet: potassium, sodium and lithium metal; calcium carbide and aluminum magnesium powder.
- 4) Flammable liquids: gasoline, kerosene, diesel oil, benzene, ethanol (alcohol), acetone, ethyl ether, paint, thinners, rosin and other oil-goods containing flammable solvents.
- 5) Flammable solid: red phosphorus, flash powder, solid alcohol, Sai Luluo and foaming agent.
- 6) Oxidants and organic peroxides: potassium permanganate, potassium chloride, sodium hydroxide, potassium oxide, lead oxide, peracetic acid, and hydrogen peroxide.
- 7) Toxic chemicals: cyanide, arsenic, toxic pesticides and other toxic chemicals.
- 8) Corrosive materials: sulfuric acid, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide and mercury.
 - 9) Radioactive substance: radioactive isotope.

5.Other articles

Articles capable of causing serious bodily harm to the human body, endangering aircraft safety and disrupting transport order, including:

1) Infectious diseases: hepatitis B virus, Bacillus anthracis, Mycobacterium tuberculosis, and HIV.

- 2) Kindling (including all kinds of fire ignition device): lighters, matches, cigarette lighter and magnesium rod (flint).
- 3) Rated power of portable batteries and lithium batteries is more than 160Wh (lithium battery use in electric wheelchair otherwise specified).
 - 4) Alcohol content of alcoholic beverages is more than 70%.
- 5) Strong magnetic materials, items with a strong pungent odor or may cause the passengers panic and articles that can't be identified its nature.
 - 6. Articles that are forbidden by China laws and regulations.
 - II. Articles restricted to carry-on or check-in baggage
 - 1. Articles forbidden to carry on, but can be checked in
 - 1) Sharp instrument

Articles with a sharp edge or sharp tip (made of metal or other materials) is hard enough to cause serious bodily injury, including:

- (1) Daily tools (blade length is more than 6 cm): cook chopper, fruit knife, scissors, art-knife and paper cutter.
- (2) Special tools (no limitation to blade length): surgical knife, slaughter knife, carving knife, cutter and milling cutter.
- (3) Instruments used for theatrical performance: knife, spear, sword and halberd.

2) Blunt instrument

Articles without a sharp edge or sharp tip (made of metal or

other materials) is hard enough to cause serious bodily injury, including:

Sticks (including batons and nunchakus), clubs, billiard bar, cricket bat, hockey, golf clubs, alpenstocks, ski poles and brass knuckles (hand nails).

3) Others

Other articles capable of causing serious bodily harm to the human body and endangering aircraft safety, including:

- (1) Tools: drills (including drill), chisel, cone, sawing, bolt gun, nail gun, screwdriver, crowbar, hammer, pliers, wrenches, torch, axe, hatchet, vernier caliper, ice-axes and ice-pick.
- (2) Other articles: dart, slingshot, bows and arrows; buzzing self-defense devices and others that is not in the state controlled scope, such as electric shock, Maes gas, tear gas and pepper spray and acid spray.

2.Articles restricted to carry-on or check-in baggage

1) Articles restricted to carry on, but can be checked in

- (1) Passengers on international and regional flights can carry liquid item(no more than 100ML) in a single container; in addition, the container should be placed in the transparent plastic bag (the maximum volume is no more than 1L). Each passenger is only allowed to take a transparent plastic bag; the exceed items should be checked.
 - (2) Passengers on domestic flights are prohibited from carrying

liquids (except for cosmetics, toothpaste and shaving cream for use on air travel). Cosmetics must meet three conditions (open for inspection, place in a single container (no more than 100ML and can only carry one of each kind); toothpaste and shaving cream shall not exceed 100g (ML). In the same airport control area, passengers who transfer domestic flights international/regional flights can carry duty-free liquid items but must meet three conditions (show shopping vouchers, place in sealed and intact transparent plastic bag, pass security check). If passengers leave airport control area during transferring, the duty-free liquid items must be checked to consign.

- (3) Liquid necessary products for babies, diabetes, and other diseases, can be carried on after a safety check.
- (4) The liquid items purchased or acquired by the passengers in the airport control areas or in the aircraft can be carried on before leaving the airport control areas.
- 2) Articles forbidden to carry on, but can be checked in within limitations

Alcohol beverages are not allowed to carry on, but can be checked in within the following limitations:

- (1) The logo is fully legible and placed in retail packaging; the volume of each container shall not exceed 5L.
- (2) If the volume percentage of alcohol is less than or equal to 24%, the quantity of consignment is not restricted;

- (3) If the volume percentage of alcohol is more than 24% but less than or equal to 70%, the consignment quantity of each passenger shall not more than 5L.
- 3) Articles forbidden to checked-in baggage, but can be carried on within limitations

Potable batteries and lithium batteries are prohibited to checked-in baggages, but can carry on within the following limitations (lithium battery use in electric wheelchair otherwise noticed):

- (1) 100Wh; The logo is fully clear and rated energy is less than or equal to 100Wh.
- (2) If the rated energy is more than 100Wh but less than or equal to 160Wh, it must require the permission of the company; and each passenger can only carry two batteries.
 - 3. Articles that are restricted by China laws and regulations.